## Text: John 16:12-15

• Misunderstandings about 'God':

Many reject a false image of God — an authoritarian, distant figure — rather than the relational and loving God of Christian faith.

• The Trinity as the antidote to atheism:

The doctrine of the Trinity reveals a God who is relational, not abstract — one God in three persons: Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

### • 1. God is Big (Transcendence):

- God stands beyond time, space, and human logic.
- We cannot fully grasp God through reason alone.
- Like a painting doesn't fully reveal the artist, creation only hints at the Creator.
- We can only know God because God chooses to reveal Himself.

### • 2. God Has a History With Us (Incarnation):

- God creates with generosity and gives freedom.
- God sustains creation and enters it through Jesus.
- The story of Jesus is the story of God making Himself knowable.
- Jesus' ascension is about bringing humanity home to the Father.
- The Holy Spirit continues to connect our lives to God's story.

### • 3. God Is Love (Relational Community):

- The Trinity is a relationship of perfect love love given and received.
- God's love overflows into creation, inviting us into that divine love.
- We are made in God's image, finding meaning through relationship and self-giving.
- Church is essential not just for personal spirituality but for discovering God through community.
- We meet the God who is Trinity not in isolation, but through loving our neighbours.

#### • Conclusion:

- The Trinity reveals a God who is transcendent, involved, and loving.
- $\circ$   $\;$  Our lives have meaning within God's story.
- To know God is to live in love, in community, and in relationship reflecting the life of the Trinity.

# Questions:

1. In John 16:13, Jesus says, "When the Spirit of truth comes, he will guide you into all the truth."

How does this verse shape our understanding of the Holy Spirit's role within the Trinity and in our lives today? How do you personally experience the Spirit "guiding" you?

2. The sermon emphasises that the Trinity is not just a doctrine but an experience of God over time.

Where in Scripture (or your own life) have you encountered God in the distinct persons of Father, Son, and Holy Spirit? How do these encounters deepen your faith?

3. Jesus says in verse 14, "He [the Spirit] will glorify me, because he will take what is mine and declare it to you."

What does this mutual sharing and glorifying within the Trinity reveal about the nature of God? How might this influence the way we relate to others?

- 4. **The sermon draws a connection between God as Trinity and God as love.** How does the relational nature of the Trinity help us understand the claim in 1 John 4:8 that "God is love"? What implications does this have for Christian community?
- 5. Jonathan mentions that the Trinity means "our story is part of God's story." How does John 16:12–15 support this idea? How do we see the Spirit at work connecting our personal stories to the larger story of Jesus and the Father?
- 6. The sermon challenges the idea that faith is purely personal by highlighting the importance of community.

In what ways does understanding the Trinity call us toward community life (such as the church)? How does this contrast with more individualistic approaches to spirituality?